

Contract Visualization for VeriFast: General Approach and Concepts

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Hochschule für Technik
und Wirtschaft Berlin

University of Applied Sciences

Problem and Objective

First Look

`push(struct stack *s, int v)` Visualization

Cognitive Features

Summary

Problem and Objective

Problem and Objective

Problem

- contracts are bound to textual format
- textual format is detailed but not necessarily clear
- especially beginners to VeriFast struggle with the complexity of contracts

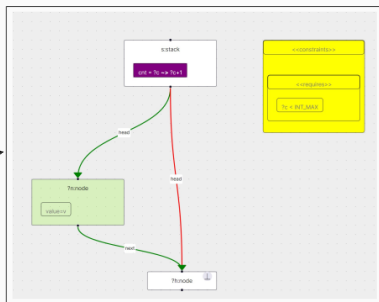
```
/*@ requires s->head |-> ?h &*&  
           | s->cnt |-> ?c &*& c < INT_MAX;  
@*/  
/*@ ensures s->head |-> ?n &*& s->cnt |-> c+1 &*&  
           | n->value |-> v &*& n->next |-> h &*&  
           | malloc_block_node(n);  
@*/
```

Problem and Objective

Objective

- process information from contracts
- automatically convert **textual to visual** format while preserving all information

```
/*@ requires s->head |-> ?h &*&  
           | s->cnt |-> ?c &*& c < INT_MAX;  
@*/  
/*@ ensures s->head |-> ?n &*& s->cnt |-> c+1 &*&  
           | n->value |-> v &*& n->next |-> h &*&  
           | malloc_block_node(n);  
@*/
```



First Look

First Look

ProofVisualization Documentation Showcase Playground GitLab

```
1 // Enter your C code with VeriFast annotations here...
2 #include "stdlib.h"
3 #include "assert.h"
4
5 struct node {
6     int value;
7     struct node *next;
8 };
9
10 struct stack {
11     struct node *head;
12     int cnt;
13 };
14
15 struct stack *createStack()
16 {
17     //@ requires true;
18     /*@ ensures malloc_stack_stack(result) &*&
19     if (s == 0) { abort(); }
20     result->cnt |= 0;
21     return s;
22 }
23
24 struct stack *s;
25 struct node *n;
26
27 struct node *createNode(int v)
28 {
29     //@ requires true;
30     /*@ ensures malloc_stack_node(result) &*&
31     result->value |= v &*&
32     result->next |= 0;
33     return n;
34 }
35
36 void push(struct stack *s, int v)
37 {
38     /*@ requires s->head != 0 &*&
39     /*@ ensures s->head != 0 &*& s->cnt == old(s->cnt) + 1 &*&
40     /*@ ensures malloc_stack_node(n) &*&
41     n->value = v;
42     n->next = s->head;
43     s->head = n;
44     s->cnt++;
45 }
```

Run

push(struct stack *s, int v)

```
graph TD
    S["s stack  
cnt = 70 -> 70 + 1"]
    N["n node  
value = v"]
    T["t node"]
    Y["cnt = INT_MAX"]

    S -- head --> N
    N -- head --> T
```

First Look

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```
1 // Enter your C code with VeriFast annotations here...
2 #include "stdlib.h"
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4
5 struct node {
6     int value;
7     struct node *next;
8 };
9
10 struct stack {
11     struct node *head;
12     int cnt;
13 };
14
15 struct stack *createStack()
16 //@ requires true;
17 //@ ensures malloc_stack_stack(result) &#226;
18 //@ result->cnt == 0 &#226;
19 //@ result->next == 0;
20 {
21     struct stack *s = malloc(sizeof(struct stack));
22     if (s == 0) { abort(); }
23     s->head = 0;
24     s->cnt = 0;
25     return s;
26 }
27
28 struct node *createNode(int v)
29 //@ requires true;
30 //@ ensures malloc_node_node(result) &#226;
31 //@ result->value == v &#226;
32 //@ result->next == 0;
33 {
34     struct node *n = malloc(sizeof(struct node));
35     if (n == 0) { abort(); }
36     n->value = v;
37     n->next = 0;
38     return n;
39 }
40
41 void push(struct stack *s, int v)
42 //@ requires s->head != 0 &#226;
43 //@ result [1..s->cnt] &#226; INT_MIN;
44 //@ ensures s->head [1..s->cnt] &#226; INT_MIN
45 //@ result [1..s->cnt] &#226; INT_MIN;
46 {
47     malloc_stack_node(n);
48 }
```

push(struct stack *s, int v)

```
graph TD
    s["s stack  
cnt = 70 -> 70 + 1"]
    n70["70node  
value = 70"]
    n71["71node"]
    cnt["cnt = INT_MAX"]
    val["70 = INT_MAX"]

    s -- head --> n70
    n70 -- head --> n71
    cnt --- val
```

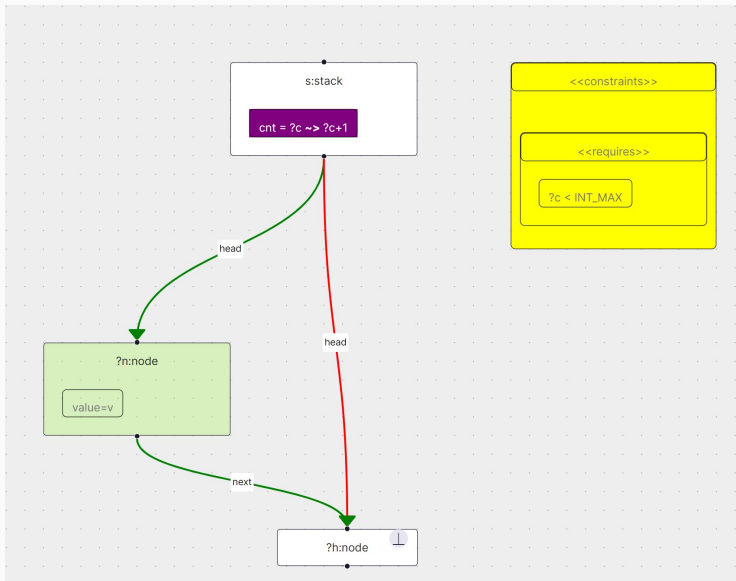

push(struct stack *s, int v)

Visualization

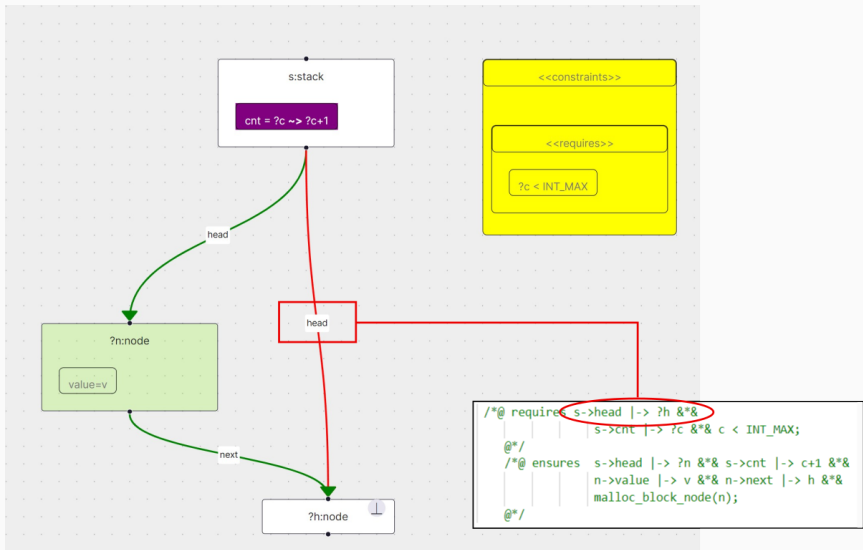
push(struct stack *s, int v) Visualization

```
void push(struct stack *s, int v)
  /*@ requires s->head |-> ?h *&&
  |           |           | s->cnt |-> ?c *&& c < INT_MAX;
  @*/
  /*@ ensures s->head |-> ?n *&& s->cnt |-> c+1 *&&
  |           |           | n->value |-> v *&& n->next |-> h *&&
  |           |           | malloc_block_node(n);
  @*/
{
  struct node *n = createNode(v);
  n->next = s->head;
  s->head = n;
  s->cnt = s->cnt+1;
}
```

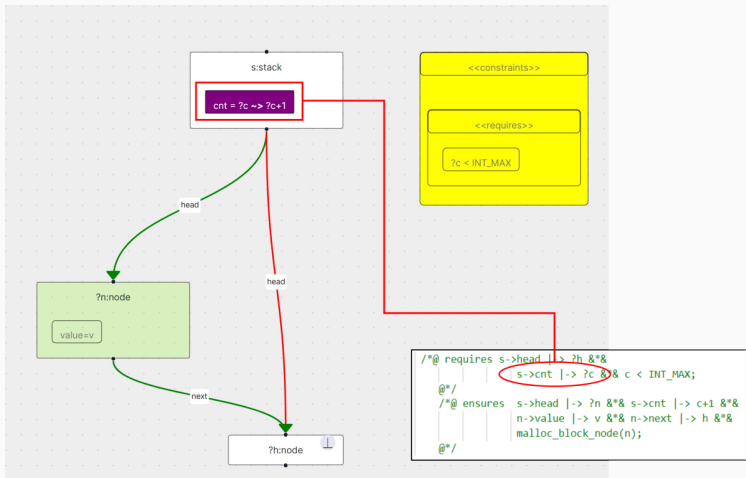
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



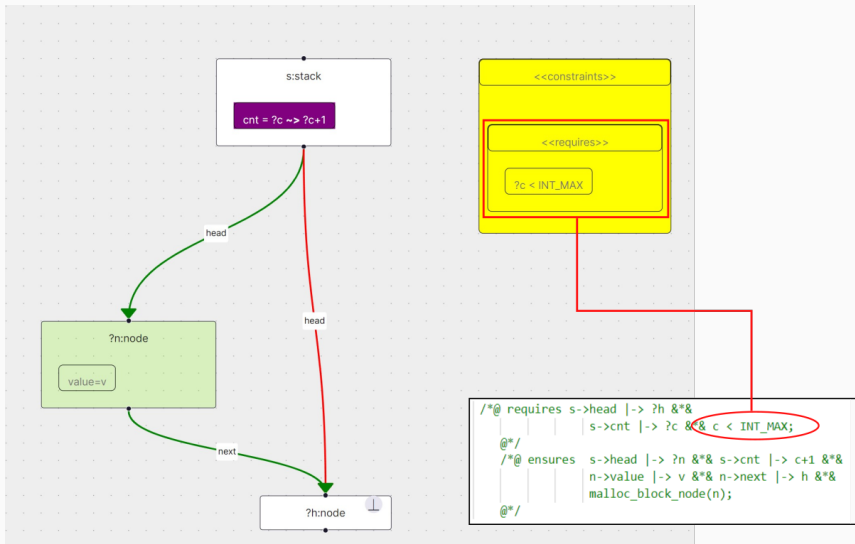
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



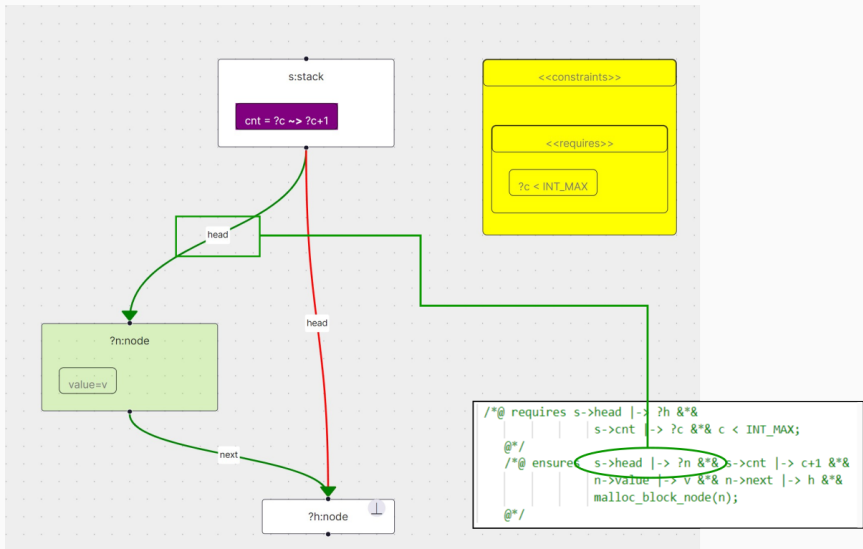
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



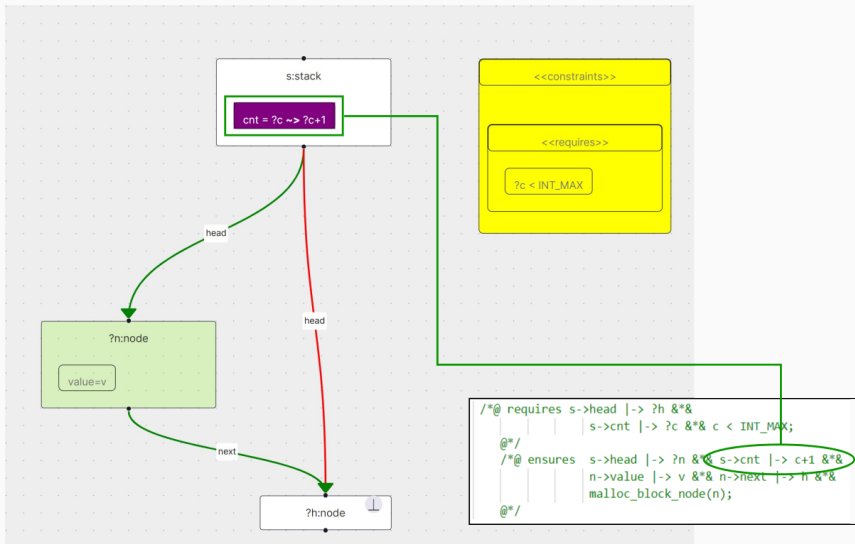
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



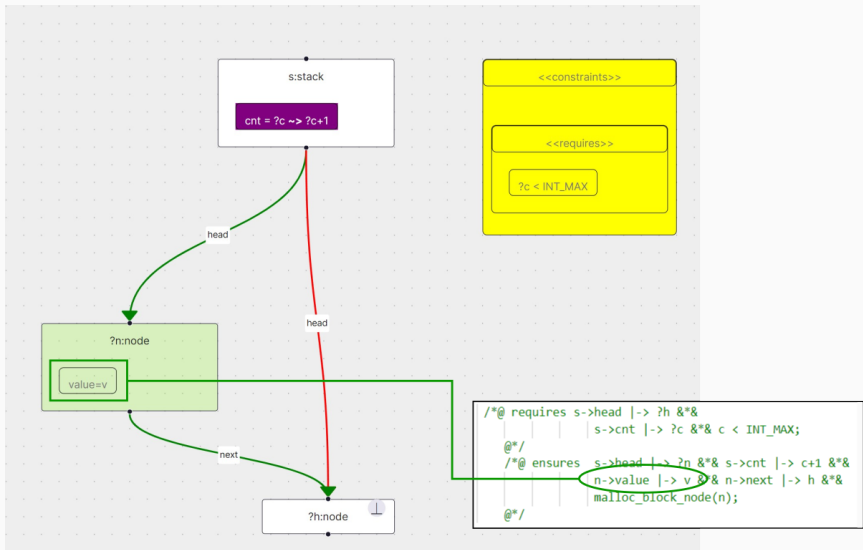
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



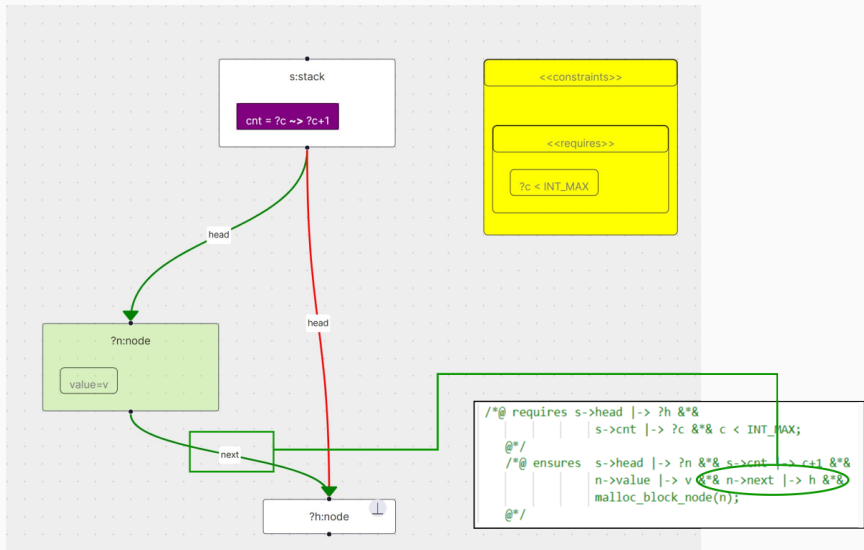
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



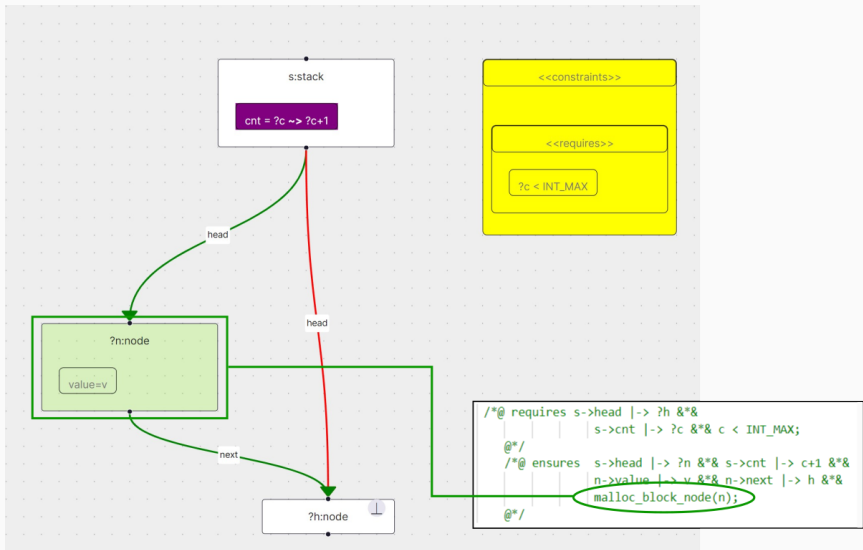
push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



push(struct stack *s, int v) visualization



Cognitive Features

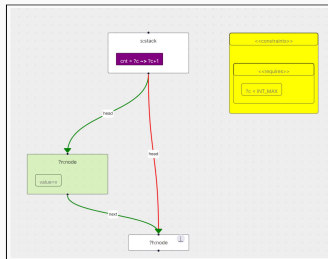
Cognitive Features

- the user now has a visual representation in addition to the textual contracts
 - a way of evaluating the usefulness of the visualization is necessary
 - neuroscientists have explored different approaches
 - one approach: Card et al. (1999) "Using vision to think"
- ➔ we evaluate our tool based on six cognitive features from "Using vision to think"

Increasing Memory

”increasing the memory and processing resources available to the users”

- ➔ outsource information by creating a graph that represents the information from the contracts

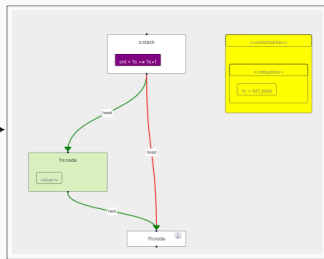


Search for Information

”reducing the search for information”

- ➔ differences in pre- and postcondition states are easier to detect as they are in one graph and distinguishable by colors

```
/*@ requires s->head |-> ?h &*&  
          |   |   | s->cnt |-> ?c &*& c < INT_MAX;  
@*/  
/*@ ensures s->head |-> ?n &*& s->cnt |-> c+1 &*&  
          |   |   | n->value |-> v &*& n->next |-> h &*&  
          |   |   | malloc_block_node(n);  
@*/
```



Detection of Patterns

"enhancing the detection of patterns"

- pointers are easier to recognize as they are simple edges in our graph

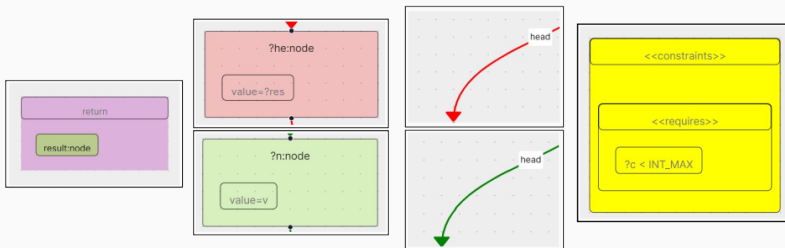
```
/*@ requires s->head |-> ?h &*&  
           s->cnt |-> ?c &*& c < INT_MAX;  
@*/
```



Perceptual Inference Operations

"enabling perceptual inference operations"

- ➔ using the same shapes and colors for objects of the same type (instances, return values, constraints, etc.)



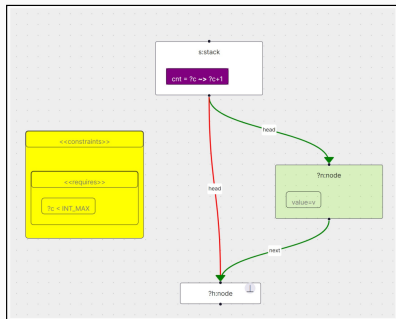
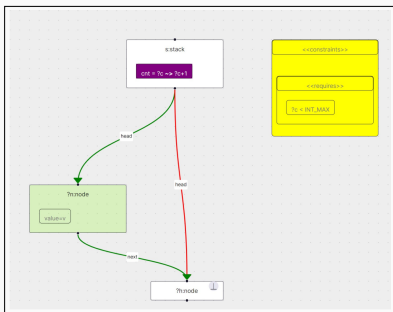
”using perceptual attention mechanisms”

- ➔ not yet implemented: highlight differences after changes to the contract have been made

Manipulable Medium

”using a manipulable medium”

- ➔ shapes can be arranged and sorted to match the users demands



Summary

Summary

- we have realized a visualization of VeriFast contracts
 - first version will be available online soon
 - next step is to let students use the visualization tool and give feedback
 - finally, our goal is to see our tool in use not only at our university...
- ➔ stay tuned for Bastians talk to get technical insights :)

Thank you.